Discrete Math. for Engineering, 2004. Applications 0

## **An Application**

I have an if-statement if( ! (a < c || a != b) || a < c ) { S } else { T } How can I simplify this compound sentence? Devote a variable to the primitive sentences

$$P: a < c$$
$$Q: a == b$$

Т

Now we need to simplify:  $\neg (P \lor \neg Q) \lor P$ 

## **Algebraic method**

$$\begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} \neg (P \lor \neg Q) \lor P \\ \Leftrightarrow \ \overline{(\neg P \land \neg \neg Q)} \lor P & \text{De Morgan' law} \\ \Leftrightarrow \ (\neg P \land Q) \lor P & \text{Involution} \\ \Leftrightarrow \ \overline{(\neg P \lor P)} \land (Q \lor P) & \text{Distribute OR over AND} \\ \Leftrightarrow \ \overline{T \land (Q \lor P)} & \text{Excluded middle} \\ \Leftrightarrow \ Q \lor P & \text{Identity} \end{array}$$
The simplified statement is
if( a==b || a < c ) { *S* } else { *T* }

## The Truth-Table method.

There are only 4 different truth assignments for P and Q. We can use a table to calculate the value of each compound sentence in  $\neg(P \lor \neg Q) \lor P$  in each case

The final column matches the truth table for  $P \lor Q$ .